

### **Institute for Cyber Security**



# Grand Challenges in Data Usage Control

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#### **Fundamental Premise**



- > Cyber Security is about tradeoffs
  - confidentiality, integrity, availability, usage, privacy, cost, usability, productivity, etc
- >Tradeoffs require application context

#### **Productivity**

Let's build it Cash out the benefits Next generation can secure it

The cyber security grand challenge

**Security** 

Let's not build it Let's bake in super-security to make it unusable/unaffordable

Sweet spots exist How to predictably find them?



# **Sweet Spots Exist**



- Proof point: Automatic Teller Machines
  - secure enough
  - global and growing
  - not pitched as a success story
- > Proof points: others in consumer space
  - on-line banking
  - ❖ e-retail
  - electronic payments (suggested by David Chadwick)
- > Proof points: beyond consumer space
  - US President's nuclear football
  - secret formula for Coca Cola



#### **Limits of Data Usage Control**



- Once data has escaped into the wild it cannot be recaptured
  - Closing the barn door after the horse has fled and been cloned multiple times
- Data can leak from legitimate recipients through analog and digital holes
  - ❖ Mal-users can leak
  - ❖ Mal-ware can leak (w/o requiring mal-users)

Preventive Technologies have Absolute Limits

Detection and Recourse Technologies have Scaling Limits



## What is Data Usage Control



- ➤ Jaehong Park and Ravi Sandhu. 2004. The UCON<sub>ABC</sub> usage control model. *ACM Trans. Inf. Syst. Secur.* 7, 1 (February 2004), 128-174.
- Emphasis on authorizations and obligations before and during usage

- Alexander Pretschner, Manuel Hilty, and David Basin. 2006.
   Distributed usage control.
   Commun. ACM 49, 9
   (September 2006), 39-44.
- Emphasis on post-usage obligations



## **Usage Control Motivators**

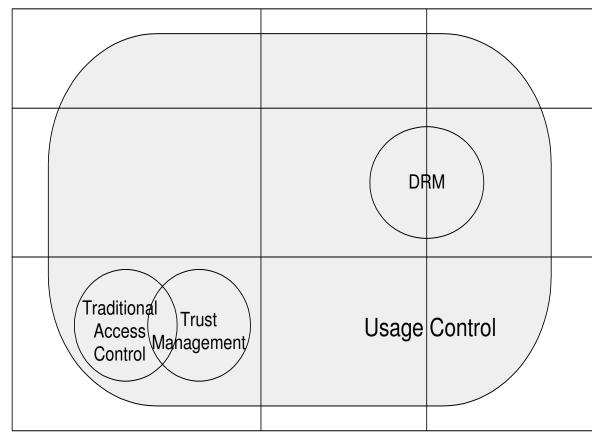


Privacy Protection

Intellectual
Property Rights
Protection

#### Security Objectives

Sensitive Information Protection



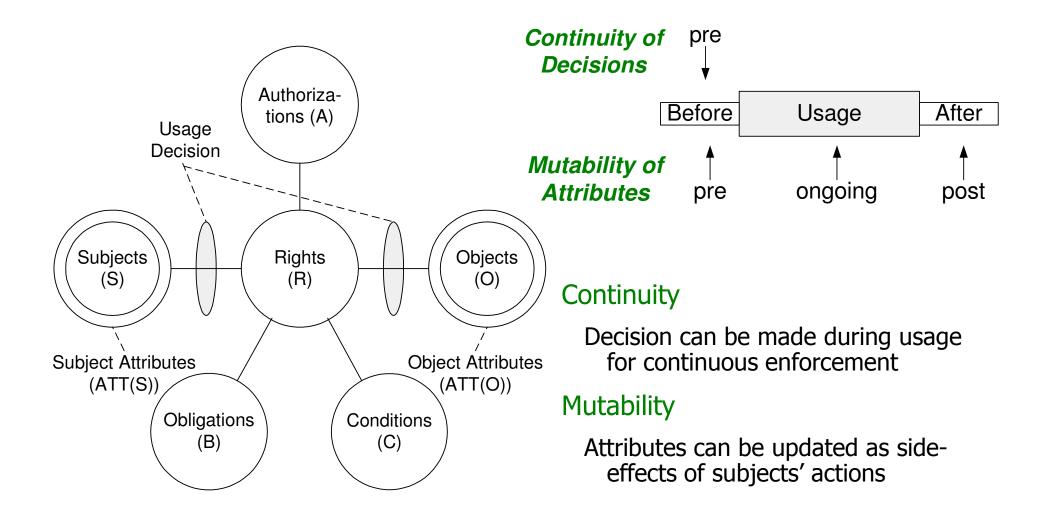
Server-side Reference Monitor (SRM) Client-side
Reference Monitor SRM & CRM
(CRM)

Security Architectures



# UCON<sub>ABC</sub> Models



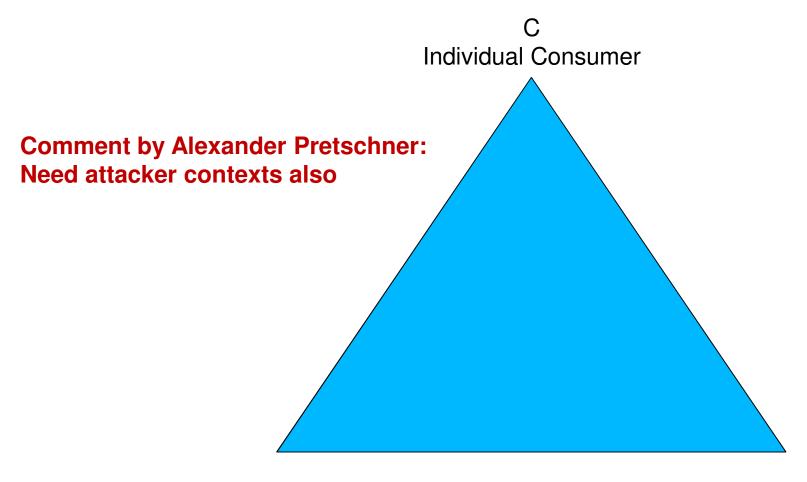


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# **Contexts for Data Usage**





P Individual Professional B Business Enterprises



# **Contexts for Data Usage**



	C	P	В
С	Social NW (consumer)	<b>B2C lite</b>	B2C
P		Social NW (professional)	B2B lite
В			B2B

Contexts crossover and bleed into one another



## Data Usage Control Laws (USA)



- Fair Credit Reporting Act (FCRA)
  - ❖ 1970 onwards
- > Internal Revenue Service
- Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) vis a vis Central Intelligence Agency (CIA) and National Security Agency (NSA)
  - pre and post 9/11
- Family Educational Rights and Privacy Act (FERPA)
  - > 1974 onwards



## **Digital Rights Management**



- Digital Audio Tape (DAT)
- > iTunes



# **Grand Challenges**



- Laws, norms, business contracts are all necessary
- What can be done technically
  - The Containment Challenge
  - The Policy Challenge
  - The Reality Challenge
- > Not included in delivered talk:
  - How should microsec and macrosec play into this?